## Lesson Plan Template

Day 8				
Grade: High School			Subject: Biology	
Materials:			Technology Needed:	
Instructional			<b>Guided Practices and Concrete Application:</b>	
Strategies Direct Guide Socrat Learn Lectur Techn integr Other	s:  instruction d practice tic Seminar ing Centers re lology ation (list)	Peer teaching/collaboration/ cooperative learning Visuals/Graphic organizers PBL Discussion/Debate Modeling	<ul> <li>Large group activity</li> <li>Independent activity</li> <li>Pairing/collaboration</li> <li>Simulations/Scenarios</li> <li>Other (list)</li> <li>Explain:</li> </ul>	
Standard(s)HS-LS1-3Plan and conduct an investigation to provideevidence that feedback mechanisms maintainhomeostasis.Objective(s)Students will be able to infer the importance of thecell membrane and its use to the cells.Students will be able to differentiate the types of celltransport and the needs for each one.Bloom's Taxonomy Cognitive Level:			Differentiation Below Proficiency: Above Proficiency: Approaching/Emerging Proficiency: Modalities/Learning Preferences:	
Classroom Management- (grouping(s), movement/transitions, etc.)			Behavior Expectations- (systems, strategies, procedures specific to the lesson, rules and expectations, etc.)	
Minutes			Procedures	
	Set-up/Prep:			
5	<ul> <li>Engage: (opening activity/ anticipatory Set – access prior learning / stimulate interest /generate questions, etc.)</li> <li>Bell work: List at least 6 forms of transportation.</li> <li>Can you think of any transportation that does not require energy/ fuel?</li> <li>These are all examples of active transport. (use ATP/ energy)</li> </ul>			
35	Explain: (concepts, procedures, vocabulary, etc.)			
	Today we will be discussing the similarities and differences between passive transport and active transport. Passive transport Why do you think it is called passive? As compared to active transport. Osmosis			

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	Hypertonic- more concentra	ation, cells shrivel		
	Hypotonic- less concentrati	on, cell bursts		
	Isotonic- equal concentration Show examples of each solution. Use blood cell as molecule in solution.			
	Have students draw this example in their notes.			
		•		
	Why is it important to make sure a solution is isotonic in our bodies?			
	If you were stranded on a deserted island on the ocean would you drink the sea water? Why/ why			
	not? How could you make it drinkable?			
	Diffusion			
	What are some examples you have seen of diffusion in your life? Real world perfume example			
	Real wond perfame example			
	Active transport			
	Endocytosis			
	Executoris			
	Exocytosis			
10	Explores (independent, concrete presti	as/application with relevant learning task connections		
10	10 Explore: (Independent, concreate practice/application with relevant learning task -con- from content to real-life experiences, reflective questions, probing or clarifying questi			
	Questions are interspersed in explain portion. Why is it important to make sure a solution is isotonic in our bodies?			
	n you were shanded on a deserted Island on the ocean would you drink the sea water? Wily/ wily			
	not? How could you make it drinkable?			
	Examples of diffusion in our world.			
	Review (wrap up and transition to next activity):			
	Lomorrow will be a lab day on osmosis and diffusion.			
Earra a 4	 	Summative Aggagger and (linked book to objectives)		
rormau	ve Assessment: (Inked to objectives)	Summative Assessment (inked back to objectives)		
Progre	ss monitoring throughout lesson-	End of lesson:		
clarifyin	g questions, check-			
in strat	tegies, etc.			
		If applicable- overall unit, chapter, concept, etc.:		
questio	ning technique and drawings in notes.			
Consid	eration for Back-up Plan:			
Reflectio	on (What went well? What did the student	s learn? How do you know? What changes would you		
make?):				